

**MO (Moderate)** *Sturnus vulgaris*

<b>Date assessed</b>	2021-09-13
<b>Year published</b>	2023
<b>Eicat category</b>	MO (Moderate)
<b>Justification for EICAT assessment</b>	The common starling competes with native native bird species, leading to a decline in the populations of some of those species (Robbins et al. 1986, Kerpez and Smith 1990, Baker et al. 2014, Koenig 2003, Ingold 1989, Ingold 1998).
<b>Confidence rating</b>	High
<b>Mechanism(s) of maximum impact</b>	Competition
<b>Countries of most severe impact</b>	Canada; U.S.A.; North America
<b>Description of impact</b>	The common starling competes with native native bird species, leading to a decline in the populations of some of those species. It feeds on native vertebrates and occasionally preys on native birds.
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<b>Contributors</b>	
<b>Reviewers</b>	EICAT authority
<b>Recommended citation</b>	Thomas Evans; Tom Allmert. (2026). <i>Sturnus vulgaris</i> . <a href="#">IUCN Environmental Impact Classification for Alien Taxa (EICAT)</a> .

