

MN (Minor) *Perdix perdix*

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| <b>Date assessed</b>                      | 2021-09-14  |
| <b>Year published</b>                     | 2023  |
| <b>Eicat category</b>                     | MN (Minor)  |
| <b>Justification for EICAT assessment</b> | Farm-bred Grey Partridges have been observed to hybridize with the wild subspecies <i>Perdix perdix</i> . This may complicate recovery of wild partridge populations, which have suffered serious declines in numbers in recent decades in Denmark. There is no evidence that hybridisation caused a decline of this species (Andersen and Kahlert 2012). |
| <b>Confidence rating</b>                  | Low   |
| <b>Mechanism(s) of maximum impact</b>     | Hybridisation   |
| <b>Countries of most severe impact</b>    | Denmark   |
| <b>Description of impact</b>              | Farm-bred Grey Partridges hybridize with the wild subspecies of Grey Partridges.  |
| <b>Assessor</b>                           | Tom Allmert; Thomas Evans   |
| <b>Contributors</b>                       |   |
| <b>Reviewers</b>                          | EICAT authority   |
| <b>Recommended citation</b>               | Tom Allmert; Thomas Evans. (2026). <i>Perdix perdix</i> . <a href="#">IUCN Environmental Impact Classification for Alien Taxa (EICAT)</a> .   |

