

MC (Minimal Concern)*Acacia sclerosperma*

<b>Date assessed</b>	2022-05-01
<b>Year published</b>	2023
<b>Eicat category</b>	MC (Minimal Concern)
<b>Justification for EICAT assessment</b>	A. sclerosperma has been shown to be an effective host of a nematode which can infect many different plant species (Ibrahim & Aref, 2000).
<b>Confidence rating</b>	Low
<b>Mechanism(s) of maximum impact</b>	Transmission of diseases to native species
<b>Countries of most severe impact</b>	Saudi Arabia
<b>Description of impact</b>	Transmission of disease to native species - <i>Acacia sclerosperma</i> and other <i>Acacia</i> species were found to be good hosts of <i>Meloidogyne javanica</i> (pathogen).
<b>Assessor</b>	Sabrina Kumschick
<b>Contributors</b>	
<b>Reviewers</b>	EICAT authority
<b>Recommended citation</b>	Sabrina Kumschick. (2026). <i>Acacia sclerosperma</i> . IUCN Environmental Impact Classification for Alien Taxa (EICAT).

