

**MO (Moderate)** *Corvus brachyrhynchos*

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| <b>Date assessed</b>                      | 2021-11-10   |
| <b>Year published</b>                     | 2022   |
| <b>Eicat category</b>                     | MO (Moderate)  |
| <b>Justification for EICAT assessment</b> | The American crow preys on the eggs and chicks of White-tailed Tropicbirds on Bermuda. This predation is likely to be causing declines in populations of the native species (Madeiros 2011). |
| <b>Confidence rating</b>                  | Medium   |
| <b>Mechanism(s) of maximum impact</b>     | Predation  |
| <b>Countries of most severe impact</b>    | Bermuda  |
| <b>Description of impact</b>              | American crows prey on the eggs of white-tailed tropic birds on Bermuda. Crow predation rates of white-tailed tropicbirds varies across years on offshore island sites on Bermuda.           |
| <b>Assessor</b>                           | Tom Allmert; Thomas Evans  |
| <b>Contributors</b>                       |  |
| <b>Reviewers</b>                          | EICAT authority  |
| <b>Recommended citation</b>               | Tom Allmert; Thomas Evans. (2026). <i>Corvus brachyrhynchos</i> . <a href="#">IUCN Environmental Impact Classification for Alien Taxa (EICAT)</a> .  |

