

**MR (Major)** *Gallus varius*

<b>Date assessed</b>	2021-09-15
<b>Year published</b>	2023
<b>Eicat category</b>	MR (Major)
<b>Justification for EICAT assessment</b>	Competition with Green Junglefowls, habitat modification, predation by cats, rats and humans have all probably contributed to the local extinction of the Cocos Buff-banded Rail ( <i>Gallirallus philippensis andrewsi</i> [syn. <i>Hypotaenidia philippensis</i> ]) on the Southern Atoll. When the Southern Atoll population became small and fragmented, it is likely that cat predation became the most potent threat (Reid and Hill 2005).
<b>Confidence rating</b>	Low
<b>Mechanism(s) of maximum impact</b>	Competition
<b>Countries of most severe impact</b>	Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands
<b>Description of impact</b>	Competition with the Green Junglefowl has probably contributed to the decline and local extinction of the Cocos Buff-banded Rail on the Southern Atoll of the Cocos (Keeling) Islands.
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<b>Contributors</b>	
<b>Reviewers</b>	EICAT authority
<b>Recommended citation</b>	Tom Allmert; Thomas Evans. (2026). <i>Gallus varius</i> . <a href="#">IUCN Environmental Impact Classification for Alien Taxa (EICAT)</a> .

