

## **GLOBAL INVASIVE SPECIES DATABASE**

## EICAT profile: Osteopilus septentrionalis

## MN (Minor)Osteopilus septentrionalis

Date assessed	2021-03-26
Year published	2022
Eicat category	MN (Minor)
Justification for EICAT	
assessment	
Confidence rating	Low
Mechanism(s) of	
maximum impact	
Countries of most severe	
impact	
Description of impact	Predation - Osteopilus septentrionalis tadpoles are reported to reduce the survivorship of heterospecific tadpoles in shared ponds; Poisoning/ toxicity - Osteopilus septentrionalis is toxic to native predators and predation on this invasive can result in the reduction of growth.; Competition - Osteopilus septentrionalis tadpoles inhibited the growth and development of native tadpoles. Adults alter acoustic environments and impacts acoustic behaviour of native amphibian species as well as masks the calls of natives
Assessor	Sabrina Kumschick; Nitya Prakash Mohanty; Corey Thorp; Carla Wagener
	John Measey; Mohlamatsane Mokhatla; James Baxter-Gilbert; Alexander D. Rebelo; Giovanni Vimercati; Sarah J. Davies; F. André de Villiers; Khensani Nkuna
Reviewers	EICAT authority
Recommended citation	Sabrina Kumschick; Nitya Prakash Mohanty; Corey Thorp; Carla Wagener. (2025). Osteopilus septentrionalis . <u>IUCN Environmental Impact Classification for Alien Taxa (EICAT)</u> .

