

## *Gallus varius*

**System:** Terrestrial

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Animalia	Chordata	Aves	Galliformes	Phasianidae

**Common name** Gabelschwanzhuhn (German), viherviidakkokana (Finnish), Coq de Java (French), Gallo de Java (Spanish), kur zielony (Polish), Gallo selvatico di Giava (Italian), Paradishane (Norwegian), aoeriyakei (Japanese), Vorkstaarhoen (Dutch), kura pestrá (Slovak), kur zelený (Czech), Grøn Junglehøne (Danish)

### Synonym

### Similar species

### Summary

*Gallus* spp. include the many forms of domesticated chicken which have been bred and distributed widely across the world as an important food source. In addition to potentially spreading disease to other avian fauna, as generalist feeders, *Gallus* spp. may also negatively impact upon native flora and fauna.



[view this species on IUCN Red List](#)

### Species Description

*Gallus* spp. are highly variable medium sized birds capable of short ranged flight.

### Nutrition

*Gallus* spp. are generalist feeders on a wide range of invertebrates and vertebrates as well as plants and seeds.

### General Impacts

*Gallus* spp. also can carry a number of diseases which may be harmful to other avian fauna such as [Newcastle disease virus \(NDV\)](#), *Mycoplasma gallisepticum*, and the proventricular parasite *Dispharynx* sp. on the Galapagos Islands (Gottdenka *et al.*, 2005).

In populations of *Gallus* spp. bred for food, there are risks of carrying disease causing pathogens such as *Toxoplasma gondii* and *Salmonella* spp. (Dubey, 2009). Although not confirmed, there were also fears that *Gallus* spp. could be a vector for the H5N1 avian bird flu (Daily Gazette, 2006).

Having a highly generalist diet, *Gallus* spp. could negatively impact native invertebrates and vertebrates as well as native plants (Varnham, 2006). Feral *Gallus* spp. are also known to be a pest on farms, damaging crops and potentially spreading disease to domesticated *Gallus* spp. populations (Varnham, 1996; Daily Gazette, 1998.). In high numbers, *Gallus* spp. can become a human nuisance due to the noise made by males.

They are potential risks to aircraft near airports (Daily Gazette, 1998).

### Management Info

**Physical control:** Feral individual *Gallus* spp. are often controlled via shooting or trapping as carried out on Bermuda and the Cayman Islands (Varnham, 2006). On the Cayman Islands, trapped feral individuals were then distributed to people who kept chickens (Varnham, 2006).

**Chemical control:** On Lord Howe Island, *Gallus* spp. were one of the species identified to be put at risk from use of brodifacoum for rodent eradication (Lord Howe Island Board, 2009). However, no information could be found regarding chemical control programs for *Gallus* spp.. On Bermuda, chemical control was not considered due to the risk of non-target effects on other avian fauna and farmer's crops (Daily Gazette, 2006).



# GLOBAL INVASIVE SPECIES DATABASE

FULL ACCOUNT FOR: *Gallus varius*

## Pathway

*Gallus* spp. have been widely distributed and bred as a food source for humans (Pyle & Pyle, 2009).

## Principal source:

**Compiler:** IUCN SSC Invasive Species Specialist Group (ISSG) with support from the Overseas Territories Environmental Programme (OTEP) project XOT603, a joint project with the Cayman Islands Government - Department of Environment

## Review:

**Publication date:** 2010-09-24

## ALIEN RANGE

[1] ANGUILLA

[2] AUSTRALIA

**Red List assessed species 1: LC = 1;**

[Hypotaenidia philippensis](#) LC

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

10 references found for *Gallus varius*

### Management information

[Commonwealth of Australia. 2005. National Recovery Plan for the Buff-banded Rail \(Cocos \(Keeling\) Islands\) \*Gallirallus philippensis andrewsi\*. Department of the Environment and Heritage, Canberra.](#)

**Summary:** Available from: <http://www.environment.gov.au/biodiversity/threatened/publications/pubs/g-andrewsi.pdf> [Accessed 3 April 2010]

[IUCN/SSC Invasive Species Specialist Group \(ISSG\)., 2010. A Compilation of Information Sources for Conservation Managers.](#)

**Summary:** This compilation of information sources can be sorted on keywords for example: Baits & Lures, Non Target Species, Eradication, Monitoring, Risk Assessment, Weeds, Herbicides etc. This compilation is at present in Excel format, this will be web-enabled as a searchable database shortly. This version of the database has been developed by the IUCN SSC ISSG as part of an Overseas Territories Environmental Programme funded project XOT603 in partnership with the Cayman Islands Government - Department of Environment. The compilation is a work under progress, the ISSG will manage, maintain and enhance the database with current and newly published information, reports, journal articles etc.

[The Daily Gazette. 2006. Chicken cull to combat bird flu.](#)

**Summary:** Available from <http://www.royalgazette.com/rg/Article/article.jsp?sectionId=60&articleId=7d628923003001c> [Accessed 8 April 2010]

### General information

[Avibase. 2003. Green Junglefowl \(\*Gallus varius\*\) \(Shaw, 1798\)](#)

**Summary:** Available from: <http://avibase.bsc-eoc.org/species.jsp?avibaseid=BEA427FB0DC089BD> [Accessed 3 April 2010]

[BirdLife International 2009. \*Gallus varius\*. In: IUCN 2010. IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.](#)

**Summary:** Available from: <http://www.iucnredlist.org/apps/redlist/details/141322/0> [Accessed 3 April 2010]

[Integrated Taxonomic Information System \(ITIS\). 2010. \*Gallus varius\* \(Shaw, 1798\)](#)

**Summary:** Available from: [http://www.itis.gov/servlet/SingleRpt/SingleRpt?search\\_topic=TSN&search\\_value=176089](http://www.itis.gov/servlet/SingleRpt/SingleRpt?search_topic=TSN&search_value=176089) [Accessed 3 April 2010]

Stokes, Tony; Wendy Sheils and Kevin Dunn, 1984. Birds of the Cocos (Keeling) Islands, Indian Ocean. *Emu* 84(1) 23 - 28

[The Daily Gazette. 1998. As feral cats die off, chickens multiply.](#)

**Summary:** Available from <http://www.royalgazette.com/rg/Article/article.jsp?sectionId=60&articleId=7ce409330030008> [Accessed 8 April 2010]

[The Daily Gazette. 2006. Govt.: Poisoning feral chickens is illegal.](#)

**Summary:** Available from <http://www.royalgazette.com/rg/Article/article.jsp?sectionId=60&articleId=7d4aa0e30030014> [Accessed 8 April, 2010]

[Varnham, K 2006. Non-native species in UK Overseas Territories: a review JNCC Report No. 372](#)

**Summary:** Available from: [http://www.caymanbiodiversity.com/wp-content/uploads/2007/10/jncc372\\_web.pdf](http://www.caymanbiodiversity.com/wp-content/uploads/2007/10/jncc372_web.pdf) [Accessed 9 April 2010]