

Rubus pinnatus 简体中文 正體中文

System: Terrestrial

Kingdom	Phylum	Class	Order	Family
Plantae	Magnoliophyta	Magnoliopsida	Rosales	Rosaceae

Common name bramble (English), blackberry (English)

Synonym

Rubus kingaensis , Engl.
Rubus madagascarius , Gust.
Rubus madagascarius , fo. *umbrosus* Gust.
Rubus pappei , Eckl. & Zeyh.
Rubus pinnatus , subsp. *afrotropicus* Engl.
Rubus pinnatus , var. *afrotropicus* Gust.
Rubus pinnatus , var. *defensus* Gust.
Rubus pinnatus , var. *mutatus* Gust.
Rubus pinnatus , var. *subglandulosus* R. A. Grah.
Rubus roridus , Lindl.
Rubus rosifolius , Sm.

Similar species

Summary *Rubus pinnatus* is reported as being exceedingly common on the island of St Helena everywhere above an elevation of 1500 feet.



[view this species on IUCN Red List](#)

Species Description

Rubus pinnatus a shrubby plant is described as follows: \"Leaves pinnate, leaflets five or seven, rarely three ovate-cordate lucid, strongly veined, doubly serrate. Panicles terminate. Stems, branches, petioles and peduncles armed ; tender shoots villous and hoary. Stem scarce, and what there is grows to be as thick as a man's leg sometimes. Branches numerous, very long and scandent, when their apices rest on the ground they strike root and produce other plants as in the other species of this genus. The young shoots glaucous and downy, the bark of the old dark brown ; all are well armed with numerous recurved prickles. Leaves alternate, pinnate 6-12 inches long, leaflets ovate and ovate-cordate, smooth doubly serrate. Petioles and ribs armed. Stipules petiolary, ensiform. Panicles terminal, with their peduncles and sub-divisions armed and downy. Bracts like the stipules. Calyx segments lanceolate, nearly twice the length of the ovate, pink petals, and they are rather longer than the stamens and styles. Berries in shape, size and colour very like those of the common bramble, but scarcely so palatable\" (Jackson 1905)

Habitat Description

Rubus pinnatus is reported as being exceedingly common on the island of St Helena everywhere above an elevation of 1500 feet (Report on the botany of the Atlantic Islands, Undated).

General Impacts

Rubus pinnatus is recognised as a weed (Global Compendium of Weeds 2007).

Principal source:

Compiler: IUCN SSC Invasive Species Specialist Group (ISSG) with support from the EU-funded South Atlantic Invasive Species project, coordinated by the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds (RSPB)

Review:

Publication date: 2009-04-27

ALIEN RANGE

[1] AUSTRALIA

[2] SAINT HELENA

Red List assessed species 1: EW = 1;

[Trochetiopsis erythroxylon](#) **EW**

BIBLIOGRAPHY

8 references found for *Rubus pinnatus*

Management information

[Varnham, K. 2006. Non-native species in UK Overseas Territories: a review. JNCC Report 372. Peterborough: United Kingdom.](#)

Summary: This database compiles information on alien species from British Overseas Territories.

Available from: <http://www.jncc.gov.uk/page-3660> [Accessed 10 November 2009]

General information

Ashmole, P. & Ashmole, M. 2000. St Helena and Ascension Island: a natural history. Published by Anthony Nelson, Oswestry, Shropshire, UK.
Cronk, Q. C. B., 1989. The Past and Present Vegetation of St Helena. Journal of Biogeography, Vol. 16, No. 1 (Jan., 1989), pp. 47-64 (article consists of 18 pages)

[Global Compendium of Weeds \(GCW\).. 2007. *Rubus pinnatus* \(Rosaceae\)](#)

Summary: Available from: http://www.hear.org/gcw/species/rubus_pinnatus/ [Accessed 13 October 2008]

[Gray, Alan, Tara Pelemebe and Stedson Stroud. 2005. The conservation of the endemic vascular flora of Ascension Island and threats from alien species. Oryx 39 \(4\)](#)

[Jackson, E.L. 1905. St. Helena: the historic island from its discovery to the present date \(1905\). New York, Thomas Whittaker](#)

Summary: Available from: http://www.archive.org/stream/sthelenahistoric00jackrich/sthelenahistoric00jackrich_djvu.txt [Accessed 13 October 2008]

[Tropicos.org. 2008. *Rubus pinnatus* Missouri Botanical Garden. 10 Nov 2008 .](#)

Summary: Available from: <http://www.tropicos.org/Name/27801845> [Accessed 13 October 2008]

[USDA, ARS. 2008. *Rubus pinnatus* National Genetic Resources Program. Germplasm Resources Information Network - \(GRIN\) \[Online Database\]. National Germplasm Resources Laboratory, Beltsville, Maryland.](#)

Summary: Available from: <http://www.ars-grin.gov/cgi-bin/npgs/html/taxon.pl?32418> [Accessed 13 October 2008]